

P/027/61/000/001/001/001  
D235/D305 ✓

The formation cycle of ...

Poland only from April through October. The time distribution for the period 1952-1957 (based on analysis of 1367 cases of heavy rainshowers) is shown in the table below:

	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1952	2	0	1	1	1	0	18	8	19	12	10	7	12	2
1953	1	1	3	11	14	36	25	28	25	26	19	11	13	7
1954	2	0	4	5	4	16	13	20	25	16	15	11	13	5
1955	3	2	6	11	20	13	27	38	42	33	21	10	15	7
1956	2	2	4	4	14	13	31	35	27	23	20	20	10	7
1957	5	5	6	8	17	28	27	30	32	25	21	18	18	12

At hours other than those indicated, rainshowers occurred only sporadically. The respective numbers of rainshowers recorded in 1952 through 1957 are 103, 255, 173, 286, 237 and 313. On the days of local type thunderstorms, associated either with stationary or slowly progressing fronts, a very high humidity in the warm season leads to the formation of initial cumuli between 0700 and 0800 hrs.

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P/027/61/000/001/001/001  
D235/D305

The formation cycle of ...

on an average. According to the previous thesis that thunderclouds occur  $3\frac{1}{2}$  hrs. after the first cumuli and allowing another  $\frac{1}{2}$  hr. for the formation of a large amount of precipitation water in thunderclouds, the first maximum of cumulonimbus precipitation should occur between 1100 and 1200 hrs. The next development cycle is likely to be shorter due to greater heat during the midday hours, and the final daily cycle of thundercloud formation is apt to be of the same duration as the morning cycle. An analysis of this survey of heavy showers for the period 1952-1957 shows a differentiation of the three development cycles. The first cycle lasts about 4 hrs., the second one about 3 hrs. and the third one about 4 hrs. Days with local type thunderstorms should be marked with a cyclic occurrence of thunderstorm precipitation, electrical discharges and cloudiness. This seems to indicate that on such days, the course of daily cumulus and cumulonimbus overcast has cyclic characteristics, although this type of overcast is spoken of as irregular. Consequently the formation and development of the first body of thunderclouds would appear to reduce the heat supply due ✓

Card 5/7

The formation cycle of ...

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to the overcast; a considerable decrease in cloudiness is observed which in turn enables Abstractor's note: The original article reads "makes impossible" which would seem to be an inconsistency<sup>✓</sup> an intensive supply of heat, at the expense of which a new complex of thunderclouds is formed, giving a maximum of scattered showers. Substantial clearing follows and the cycle of thundercloud formation recurs. The author points out that this observation is of a statistical nature and does not imply that thunderstorms do not occur between the above-mentioned cycles; however, if any do occur, they are rather weak. The author concludes that: 1) In the daily course of thundercloud occurrence (except for typical fronts), three types of formation cycles can be distinguished i) a 4-hour morning cycle; ii) a 3-hour midday cycle; iii) a 4-hour late afternoon cycle; 2) It may be assumed that under above-mentioned atmospheric conditions, the apparently irregular and variable cloud formation, would in reality have the characteristics of a clearly cyclic occurrence. There are 1 table and 5 Soviet-bloc references.

Card 6/7

PARCZEWSKI, W.

40 years of hydrometeorological services in the U.S.S.R. Przegl  
geofiz 6 no.4:292-296 '61.

PARCZEWSKI, W.

A scientific session on the occasion of the congress of chiefs of  
the meteorological sections of the branches of the State  
Institute of Hydrology and Meteorology. Przegl geofiz 7 no.1:  
70-71 '62.

PARCZEWSKI, Wladyslaw

Development trends of satellite meteorology. Przegl geofiz  
7 no.4:223-227 '62.

PARCZEWSKI, W.

Formation of the first secondary school of meteorology in Poland.  
Przegl geofiz 7 no.4:275-276 '62.

PARCZEWSKI, W.

Second Congress of the International Geophysical Committee  
for the International Year of the Quiet Sun. Przegl geofiz  
8 no.4:243-244 '63.

PARCZEWSKI, W.

Sixth Conference of International Geophysical Cooperation of  
the European-Asiatic Region. Przegl. geofiz. 8 no.1/2:97-98  
'63.

PARCZYNSKI, Jerzy.

Osteochondritis disseccans multilocularis simetrica. Chir.nars.  
ruchu 20 no.4:331-334 1955.

l. z Kliniki Ortopedycznej A.M. w Poznaniu. Kierownik: prof. Dr.  
W.Dega. Poznan, ul. Gwardii Ludowej nr. 26, m. 8.  
(OSTEOCHONDRTIS  
disseccans of several joints, pathol.)

PARCZYNISKI, Jerzy

Ulcer of the buttocks associated with a rare congenital ab-  
normality of the sacrum. Chir. narzad. ruchu ortop. Pol.  
29 no.6767-770 '64

1. Z Oddzialu Ortopedyczno-Urazowego Szpitala Miejskiego Nr.1  
w Zabrzu (ordynator: lek. med. J. Parczynski).

PARCZYNSKI, Stanislaw, mgr inz.

Sanitary development of the cities of the Warsaw Voivodeship does  
not keep up with the needs of the population. Przegl techn 84 no.49:  
3 8 D '63.

PARCZYNISKI, Stanislaw, mgr.inz.arch.

Limitation of the size of lots in settlements. Budown Wiejskie 14 no.4:  
5-9 Ap '62

PARCZENSKI, Z.

5659

621-253 : 621-755

Parczewski Z. A Method of Dynamic Balancing of Rotor Machines.  
"Pewna metoda dynamicznego wyrównowania maszyn wirnikowych". Archiwum Budowy Maszyn (PAN), No. 2, Warszawa, 1958  
pp. 109-212, 6 figs.

A method is presented for dynamic balancing of rotor machines in two arbitrary planes — perpendicular to each other and passing through the axis of rotation of the rotor. The method described removes the necessity of determining the positions of correction weights and also makes it possible, with resistance strain gauge measurements of deviations instead of load, to balance the rotors in the body of the machine itself. For these reasons the method is of value, particularly in the case of heavy machines. The author introduces the criterion of dynamic balance, which means that dynamic deformations at selected spots on the machine -- and even on the premises where the machine is ~~sited~~ -- either do not occur at all or do not exceed a given value.

3

GMP

PARCZYNSKI, Jerzy

Functional plaster cast in postoperative management of myogenic  
torticollis. Chir. narzad. ruchu ortop. Pol. 29 no.5:667-  
668 '64.

1. Z Oddzialu Ortopedyczno-Urazowego Szpitala Miejskiego Nr. 1  
w Zabru (Ordynator: lek. med. J. Parczynski).

PARCZYNSKI, Jerzy

Use of Charnley's compression device as a distractor in the treatment of calcaneal fractures. Chir. narzad. ruchu ortop. Pol. 29 no.4:469-472 '64.

l. z Oddzialu Ortopedyczno-Urazowego Szpitala Miejskiego Nr 1, Zabrze (Ordynator: lek. med. J. Parczyński).

✓ Glauconite green pigment replacement for chromium  
oxide? P. K. Landra, O. Yu. Pardade, N. V. Ponikarov,  
and A. M. Nitro. Invent. No. 1953 No. 3, 19-21.  
Ref. Znat. Chem., 1956, Abstr. No. 27281 - Glauconite,  
produced from the glauconitic sands from the northern  
shores of Batoula, is offered as replacement for the expensive  
Cr oxide and the unstable Zn and Pb green pigments. The  
technological process for producing the glauconite pigment  
consists of grinding the mineral and subsequent enrichment  
with a magnetic separator. Afterward, the enriched  
mineral is ground in a conical ball mill with air sepn. The  
pigment can be used in glue and lime paints and partially  
in flat gray-green oil paints. The pigment is light-stable  
and can be used for outdoor and indoor paints. N. V.

Distr: 4E4J

MARDANE, L.YU.; KITSO, A.B.; ELINOV, N.N.; LIMBER, S.I.

"Glaucanite as a Green Pigment and Its Application in Constructional Colors (Paints)," Izv. Vuz. SVF, 2, No 1, 109-121, 1953

The above constitutes the results of an investigation of the glaucanite sands of the deposits of Mardu and Lismaryae (near Tallin, Estonian SSR). In the Mardu deposit the layer of glaucanite sands lies at a depth of 6 meters between limestones and dictyoneme shales. The authors carry out a chemical analysis of the glaucanite and of its physicomechanical properties. (RFGeol, No 1, 1955)

SO: Sum. No. 536, 10 Jun 55

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239210020-1

PARDANYI, Jeno.

Development of samples and site tests in Hungary. Magy ep ipar 10  
no. 4, 170-172 '61.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239210020-1"

PAKOVLEV, I.G.; PARDAYEV, A.

Properties of the front of electromagnetic waves. Izv.  
AN Uz. SSR. Ser. fiz.-mat. nauk 6 no.6:92-100 '62.

1. Samarkandskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.  
(Electromagnetic waves) (MIRA 16:2)

<u>L 10036-63</u>	BNT(1)/BDS/REC(b)-2--ATTIC/ASD/MSD-3--IJP(C)
ACCESSION NR:	AR3000349
SOURCE: RZh.	Physika, Abs. 4B56
AUTHOR: Yakovlev, L. G.; Pardayev, A.	58
TITLE: Laws valid on the front of an electromagnetic wave	
CITED SOURCE: Sb. Materialy 3-y Ob"yedin. nauchn. konferentsii uchenykh g. Semarkanda. Ser. Gumanitarn. i yestestv. n., Semarkand, Semarkandsk. un-t, 1961, 254	
TOPIC TAGS: Electromagnetic waves, theory	
TRANSLATION: General equations are obtained with the aid of a variational principle for the propagation of the front of an electromagnetic wave. In the case of a Lagrangian, $L = L(I_1, I_2, I_3)$ , where $I_1 = -(1/4) H_{ik} I_{ik}$ , $I_2 = (1/4) H_{ik} I_{ik}$ , $I_3 = (1/8) \epsilon_{ijk} I_{ik} H_{jl} I_{jl}$ and $I_{ik}$ are invariants. The Levi-Civita method is used to investigate the velocity of the	
Card 1/2	

L-10036-63

ACCESSION NR: AR3000349

front and the theories of Bo<sup>o</sup>, Born and Infeld, and Bopp-Podolsky. The possibility of the polarization of the wave by the field in vacuum is also considered.

DATE ACQ: 14 May 63 ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH

100/2  
Card 2/2

S/166/62/000/006/012/016  
B125/B102

AUTHORS: Yakovlev, L. G., Pardayev, A.

TITLE: The properties of electromagnetic wave fronts

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk Uzbekskoy SSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, no. 6, 1962, 92 - 100

TEXT: The general properties of electromagnetic wave fronts are studied theoretically. Proceeding from the general Lagrangian  $L = L(I_1, I_2, I_3)$  by a variational method yields a set of equations for the free electromagnetic field containing many terms. The occurrence of  $I_1 = -(1/4)H_{ik}H_{ik}$  in non-linear form, or of  $I_3 = (1/8)(\epsilon_{iklm}H_{ik}H_{lm})^2$ , leads to non-linearities and hence to unusual phenomena at the electromagnetic wave front.  $\epsilon_{iklm}$  is the Levi-Civita tensor density. The invariant  $I_2 = -(1/4)H_{ik;l}H_{ik;l}$  and similar expressions lead to equations with higher derivatives and hence to wave fronts of variable velocity. The Levi-Civita method is very convenient.

Card 1/3

The properties of electromagnetic ...

8/166/62/000/006/012/016  
B125/B102

$$\begin{aligned} Ah_{ik,h} - CH_{ik} H_{lm} h_{im,h} - Ne_{ikrm} \epsilon_{ispq} (2H_{rm} H_{ts} h_{pq,h} + \\ + H_{ts} H_{pq} h_{rm,h}) + Re_{ispq} (\epsilon_{logn} H_{gn} H_{ts} H_{pq} H_{ik} h_{lo,h} + \\ + \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{ikrm} H_{rm} H_{ts} H_{pq} H_{cd} h_{cd,h}) = \end{aligned} \quad (19)$$

$$\begin{aligned} - U \epsilon_{ikrm} \epsilon_{ispq} H_{rm} H_{ts} H_{pq} \epsilon_{logn} \epsilon_{bcd} H_{gn} H_{bc} H_{df} h_{lo,h} = 0. \\ \text{and IV. if } L = L(I_3), \quad Ne_{ikrm} \epsilon_{ispq} (2H_{rm} H_{ts} h_{pq,h} + H_{ts} H_{pq} h_{rm,h}) + \\ + U \epsilon_{ikrm} \epsilon_{ispq} H_{rm} H_{ts} H_{pq} \epsilon_{logn} \epsilon_{bcd} H_{gn} H_{bc} H_{df} h_{lo,h} = 0. \end{aligned} \quad (20)$$

Bopp-Podolski electrodynamics belongs to group I, Maxwell and Born mechanics to II, the Born-Infeld theory and quantum field theory to III. There are no group IV theories, nor does this group satisfy the correspondence principle. Sommerfield's theory does not hold in any of the other three classes. There is a polarization effect in I and III, but not in II.

ASSOCIATION: Samarkandskiy gosuniversitet (Samarkand State University)

SUBMITTED: July 2, 1962  
Card 3/3

PARDIN, I. P.

1934

B.M.I.

I. P. Pardin, The Outlook for the Use of  
Oxygen in the Blast Furnace, BULLETIN  
DE L'ACADEMIE DES SCIENCES DE L'URSS,  
Gazeta des Sci. Techn., 1936, No. 10,  
pp. 1385-1388; 6500 words.

PARDENIA, J.; PIZL, S.; KELLE, C.

The kinematic precision required from gear-cutting machine tools. p. 770.

PRIEZBLAD M. MANTOWY. (Stowarzyszenie Inżynierów i Techników Mechaników Polskich) Warszawa, Poland. Vol. 18, no. 23, Dec. 1959.

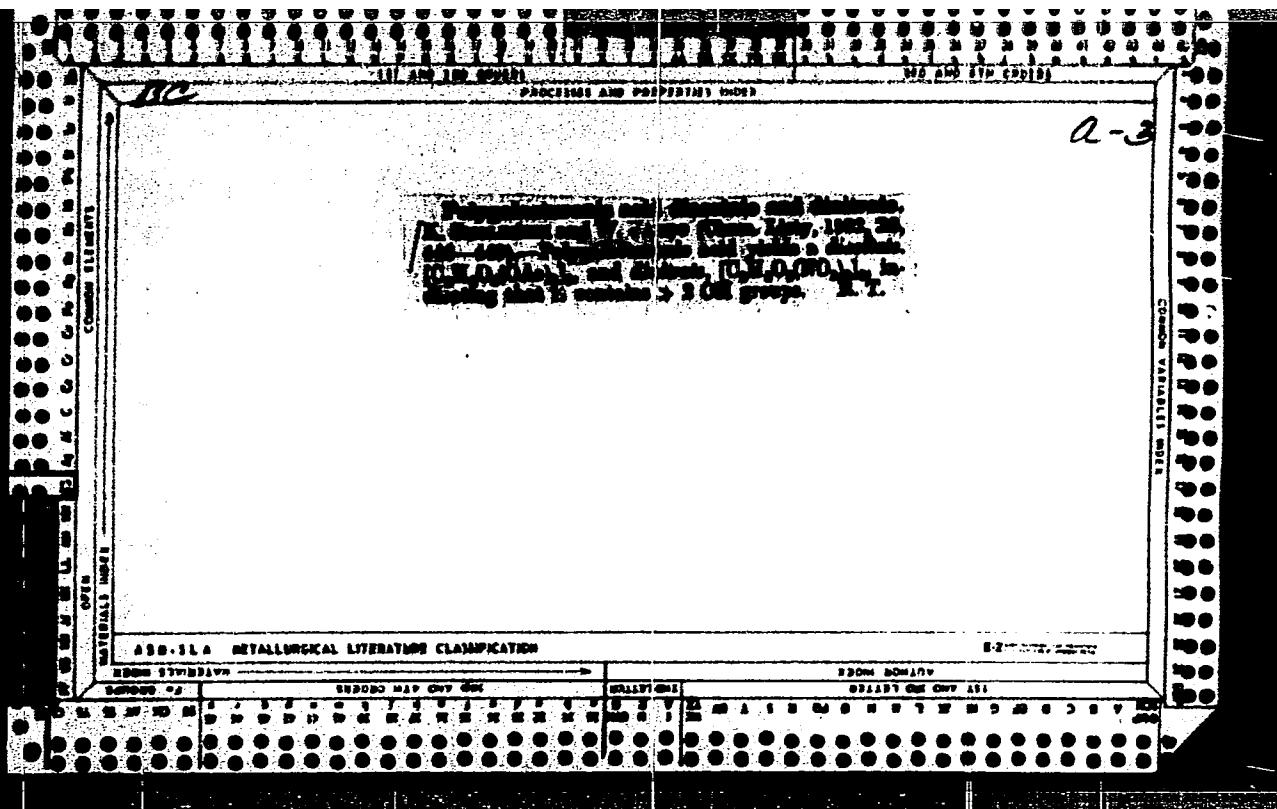
Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (EMAI) LC, Vol. 9, no. 2, Feb. 1959.  
Uncl.

PARDO, Albert, insh.

Distance measurements with tellurometers. Tekhnika Bulg 11 no.7:259-  
262 '62.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239210020-1



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/15/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001239210020-1"

COMING LITERATURE

*CM*

The diacetyl and dinitro derivatives of polygalacturonic acid. K. SMOLENSKI AND W. PARDO. *Chem. Listy* 26, 446-9 (1932) (in Polish). — A mixt. of 35 g. glacial AcOH and 35 g. Ac<sub>2</sub>O was mixed slowly with 10 g. powd. galacturonic acid and 1 g. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The soln. was refluxed on a H<sub>2</sub>O bath 9-10 hrs., cooled, pptd. with 300 cc. ether; the ppt. was filtered off and dried at 50°, yielding 65% of the theoretical yield for diacetylpolygalacturonic acid [C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>8</sub>(C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>]<sub>n</sub>, a white powder sol. in H<sub>2</sub>O, dil. alkalies, acetone, and aq. EtOH, insol. in ether or anhyd. EtOH, sol. in Ac<sub>2</sub>O with the aid of heat, [α]<sub>D</sub> = 20°, 250.4 in H<sub>2</sub>O, 250.0-2.8° in acetone; b.-p. detsn. showed a mol. wt. of 2105 or  $\eta = 8$ . D.p. detsn. indicated a mol. wt. of 2000. In concns. of 0.6 g. per 100 cc.,  $\rho_{D} = 2.40$ , 1.2 g. per 100 cc.,  $\rho_{D} = 2.25$ ; 2.4 g. per 100 cc.,  $\rho_{D} = 2.20$ ; for the same concns.  $\eta = 35^{\circ}$ , 1.12, 1.22 and 1.30, and surface tension = 63.2, 59.4, and 58.1 dynes per cm. HNO<sub>3</sub> (45 cc.) of d. 1.52 cooled with ice was mixed with 10 g. powd. polygalacturonic acid and allowed to stand at room temp. for 9-10 hrs. After decanting the clear HNO<sub>3</sub>, the residue was poured into 200 g. of ice and mixed with 2.3 g. KNO<sub>3</sub> and 200 cc. EtOH. The ppt. was washed with 80% EtOH, dissolved in acetone, pptd. and washed with ether and dried at 35°, leaving 9.6 g. dinitrogalacturonic acid, a light powder which ignites explosively at higher temps. and decomps. gradually with the evolution of N on standing. It is sol. in dil. alkalies, acetone, and AcOEt; less sol. in MeOH and glacial AcOH; insol. in cold or warm H<sub>2</sub>O. For concns. of 0.283 g. per 100 cc., [α]<sub>D</sub> = 294.8-5.2° in acetone, 288° in AcOEt, 278.0° in glacial AcOH, and 276.4° in MeOH. The mol. wt. was 2065 ( $\eta = 8$ ). It is a hydrophilic colloid with marked surface activity. The results confirm the formula [C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>8</sub>(OEt)<sub>2</sub>]<sub>n</sub> for polygalacturonic acid F. M.

10

## ADM-LSA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

EDITION 177002470

SERIALS 177002470

SERIALS MAY ONLY ONE

## EDITION 177002470

SERIALS 177002470

SERIALS MAY ONLY ONE

PAKDAN, L.

KLEMENT, K.; PARDON, L.

"Contribution to the study of the decarbonization of macrocrystalline limestones."

p. 345 (Silikaty) Vol. 1, no. 4, 1957  
Prague, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 4,  
April 1958

PARDON, LINDLEY.

Distr: 4E2c  
CC: Microscopic examination of the crystallization of Non-  
ferrous Metal. Lindley Pardon. Sunday, 2, 170-7 (1942).  
Note on crystal of last surface step followed micro-  
scopically. Oscar Gause

3

Oscar Gause

DM

SIMONOVIC, Ivan, dr; PARDON, Rajko, dr.

The superior vena cava syndrome. Med.glasn. 9 no.4:135-137 Apr  
'55.

1. Interna klinika Medicinskog fakulteta u Zagrebu (predstojnik  
prof. dr A. Hahn)

(VENAE CAVAE, dis.

obstruct. of superior vena cava, etiol. & diag.(Ser))

PARDUBSKY, B.

Deviations from the geometrical shape in roller bearings. p. 448.

(Strojirenstvi. Vol. 7, no. 6, June 1957. Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

PARIUBSKY, B.

"Theoretical basis of statistical processes for acceptance of goods"

Pokroky Matematiky, Fysiky a Astronomie. Praha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 4, no. 1, 1959

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 6, Jun 59, Unclass

PANDURSKY, ".

Determining the optimum number of automatic machine tools serviced by a single operator. p. 701

STROJIREN.TVÍ (Ministerstvo tezkeho strojirenství, Ministerstvo presneho strojirenství a ministerstvo automobiloveho prumyslu a zemedelských strojů) Vol. 4, No. 10, Oct. 1956

Praha, Czechoslovakia

SOURCE: East European List (EEAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 6, No. 1, January 1957

Pardubský, B. Methods of mathematical statistics for quality control in mass production. I, II. Pokroky Mat. Fys. Astr. 2 (1957), 534-544, 668-674. (Czech)  
Expository paper. Fundamental theory underlying control charts for mean and range and for extreme values.

J. Jenko (Prague)

Distr: 4E2b(e)

3  
1-URM

PARDURSKI, R.

Some divisions of errors in measurement. p. 521.

CZECHOSLOVAKI CACCIOLI & P. ( ) vol. 5, no. 5, Sept. 1961

Czechoslovakia

so. EAST EUROPEAN ACQUISITIONS MIA vol. 5, no. 7 July 1966

PARDUBSKY, B.

Methods of mathematical statistics in research and in industry, p. 34,  
ZA SOCIALISTICKOU VEDU A TECHNIKU (Pripravny vybor vedeckych technickych  
spolecnosti pri eskoslovenske akademii ved) Praha, Vol. 5, No. 1, Jan.  
1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress,  
Vol. 4, No. 12, December 1955

PARDUBSKY, Bohumil

Conference on the application of mathematical statistics in  
mechanical engineering. *Aplikace mat.* 7 no.6:474-475 '62.

*Pardubski Bohumil*

Czechoslovakia/General Problems - Method and Technique of Investigation

A-4

Abst Journal : Referat Zhur - Fizika, No 12, 1956, 33684

Author : Pardubski, Bohumil

Institution : None

Title : Certain Distribution of Measurement Errors

Original

Periodical : Ceskosl. Casop. Fys., 1955, 5, No 5, 521-530, Czech

Abstract : In the presence of systematic errors whose value is a function of time the law of the distribution of errors may differ from the normal distribution. Equations are derived with which it is possible to determine the value of probable error in those cases when the value of the systematic error or of the measurement accuracy vary with time. It is indicated that the method described can be used only for a sufficiently large number of measurements.

Card 1/1

PARDUCZ, B.

Stimulus-physiological investigations on ciliates. III. Function of the peristomial cilia of the paramecium. In German. p. 189. Vol. 6, 1955 MAGYAR NEMZETI MUZEUM TERMESZETTUDOMANYI MUSEUM EVKONYVE. ANNALES HISTORICO-NATURALES MASEI NATIONALIS HUNGARICI. Budapest, Hungary.

Source: East European Accession List. Library of Congress  
Vol. 5, No. 8. August 1956

PARDUCZ, B.

Studies on the reactions to stimuli in the Ciliata infusoria. V. On the physiological mechanism of the escape reaction and the space orientation. In German. p. 73.  
(ACTA BIOLOGICAL. Vol. 7, no. 1, 1956. Budapest)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 6, June 1957. Uncl.

PARDUCZ, B.

On a new concept of cortical organization in paramecium. Acta biol.  
13 no.3:299-232 '62.

1. Biological Laboratory, Hungarian National Museum, Budapest  
(Head: V. Szekessy).  
(PARAMECIUM) (CYTOLOGY)

Parducz, B. ; Muller, M.

On the ciliary mechanism of potassium reversal. p. 339

A MAGYAR TUDOMANYOS AKADEMIA B. OXZTALYA BIOLOGIAI CSOPORTJANAK KOSLIMHENYE.  
Budapest, Hungary. Vol. 2, No. 3, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EMAI). LC. Vol. 9, No. 1, Jan 1960  
Uncl.

COUNTRY : HUNGARY B  
CATEGORY : General Biology.  
          : Cytology. General Cytology.  
ABS. JOUR. : RZhBiol., No: 5, 1959, No.19005

AUTHOR : Parducz, B.  
INST. : Hungarian AS.  
TITLE : The Interciliary Fiber System in Its  
          : Correlation to some Fibrillary Complexes of  
          : Infusoria.  
ORIG. PUB. : Acta biol. Acad.scient. hung., 1958, 8, No 3,  
          : 191-218.  
ABSTRACT : On the basis of his own observation and  
          : literary data the author comes to the conclusion  
          : that the following 4 fiber systems may be  
          : distinguished in the cortical ectoplasm layer  
          : of 2 " large infusoria: the most superficial  
          : outer net work, an interciliary fiber network  
          : situated further and more deeply, subpellicular  
          : bundles of cilium roots, and finally,  
          : the inner network of Henle's fibers. The so-  
          : called Klein's silver lines system and the  
          : meridional fiber bundles which become visible

Card: 1/2

PARDUCZ, B.

A stimulative physiological investigation on Ciliata. VI. An interesting flight reaction of the Parmecium. In German. p.363.  
(Magyar Nemzeti Múzeum Természettudományi Múzeum Evkonyve, Vol. 7, 1956,  
Budapest, Hungary)

SO: Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (EEAL) 1C. Vol. 6, no. 9, Sept. 1957. Uncl.

FARDUCZ, B.

Studies on reactions to stimuli of ciliate infusorians. IV.  
Power of response to stimuli of Paramecium. In German. p. 289.  
ACTA BIOLOGICA. (Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia) Budapest.  
Vol. 6, no. 3/4, 1956.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress,  
Vol. 5, No. 12, December 1956.

PARONCZ, B.

Researches on physiological stimulus of cilia, II. New contributions to the mechanism of movement and coordination of cilia. p. 169, (ACTA BIOLOGICA, Budapest, Hungary). Vol. 5, No. 1/2, 1954.

SO: Monthly List of East European Acquisitions, (EEAI) 1C, Vol. 4, No. 5, May 1955, Uncl.

PARDUCH, B.

Physiological studies of excitation in Ciliata. I. The action system of Paramecium. Acta microb. hung. 1 no.1-3:175-221 1954.

1. Ungarisches Naturwissenschaftliches Museum, Budapest;  
eingegangen am 10. August 1953.  
(CILIATA  
\*Paramecium, movement)

PARDUCZ, Bela

Flagellate regeneration on Paramecium. Biol kozl 10 no.1:35-  
41 '62.

1. Orszagos Termeszettudomanyi Muzeum, Budapest, "Biologai  
Kozlemenyek" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja.

\*

PARDUCZ, Bela [deceased]

Opening address delivered at the December 9, 1963 founding session of the Section of Protozoology of the Division of General Biology of the Hungarian Biological Society. Biol kozl 12 no.1:61-63 '64.

PARDUCZ, Bela

SURNAME (in caps); Given Names

Country: Hungary

Academic Degrees: Dr

Affiliation: State Museum of Natural Sciences (Orszagos Termeszettudomanyi Muzeum), Budapest

Source: Budapest, Biologial Kozlemenyek, Vol IX, No 1, 1961, pp 41-54

Data: "The Ectoplasmic Fibrillar System of the Ciliates in the Light of the New Electron Microscopic Findings"

PARDUCZ, Bela, dr. (Termeszettudomanyi Muzeum, Budapest, VIII.Baross u.13)

Electroplasmonic fiber system of ciliata in the light of the light of  
the most recent electron-microscopic investigations. Biol kozl 9 no.1:  
41-54 '61.

1. Orszagos termeszettudomanyi Muzeum, Budapest.

PARDUCZ, Nandor

Mathematical statistical evaluation method of duration tests for the determination of the basic load of roller bearings. Gep 13 no.12: 468-470 D '61.

1. Diószegi Csapagygyár.

BIRO, Bela; FARNUCK, Nandor

Durability tests on roller bearings under alternating load.  
Sep 17 no.1:11-15 Ja '65.

PARDZHANADZE, L.K.; KHARAYSHVILI, G.I.; GAVRILENKO, B.D.

State of the vegetative cover and erosion phenomena in the  
Tabakhmeles-Khevi River basin. Trudy Inst. lesa AM Gruz. SSR 10:  
79-104 '62. (MIRA 17:3)

K-3

USSR / Forestry. Forest Crops

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 13, 1958, 58418

Author : Pardzhanadze, L. K.

Inst : Institute of Forestry, AS GruzSSR

Title : Contribution to the Problem of Further Development of Mine-Forest Meliorative Works in Georgia (USSR)

Orig Pub: Tr. in-ta lesa AN GruzSSR, 1957, 7, 43-55

**Abstract:** The importance of forest plantings to ward off various destructive phenomena, as a result of non-regulated hard and liquid flow in a mountainous contour, is described with reference to concrete historical data on events which took place in various countries. The wide development

Card 1/2

47

PARDZHANADZE, Sh. K.

PARDZHANADZE, Sh. K. -- "The Effect of Akhtala Mud on Certain Liver Functions." Georgian State Publishing House for Medical Literature. Tbilisi, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Doctor in Medical Sciences). Tbilisi State Medical Inst.

So.: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 6, 1956.

PARDZHANADZE, SH. K.

7907. PARDZHANADZE, SH. K. metodika kompleksnogo lecheniya na kurorte dzhava. tbilisi, Gruzmedgiz, 1954. 48s. 19sm. (nauch.-issled. in-t kurortologii I fiziologicheskikh rapii Glav. upr. kurortov. M-va zdravookhraneniya Gruz. SSR). 1.000 EKZ. Bespl.--na gruz. yaz.--(55-3821)

614.213(47.922)

SO: Knishuaya Letopis', Vol. 7, 1955

PARDZHANADZE, Shalva Konstantinovich; SVANISHVILI, Romanoz  
Akakiyevich

[Textbook of physical and exercise therapy] [Uchebnik  
fizioterapii i vrachebnoi fizkul'tury. Tbilisi, Ganatleba]  
1965. 283 p. [In Georgian] (MIRA 18:7)

KAKHENIASHVILI, A.I.; PARDZHIKIYA, D.S.; KANTARIYA, M.L.

Condensation of guaiacol with unsaturated alcohols in the  
presence of phosphoric acid. Zhur. ob. khim. 33 no.2:667-673  
(MIRA 16:2)  
F '63.

1. Tbilisskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.  
(Guaiacol) (Alcohols) (Unsaturated compounds)

KAKHENIASHVILI, A. I.; BAGRATISHVILI, G. D.; PARIDZHIKIYA, D. S.;  
BEZHASEVILLI, K. A.

Study of the structure of some unsaturated and saturated homologs of guaiacol by means of infrared absorption spectra.  
Zhur. ob. khim. 32 no. 12:4087-4090 D '62.

(MIRA 16:1)

(Guaiacol—Spectra)

KARENOVA, O. I.

Brain

Changes in content of phosphocreatine and adenosine-triphosphoric acid in the cortex of the cerebrum in cases of anoxia. Ukr. biokhim. zhur., 22, No. 1, 1950

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 1952. Unclassified.

SAFARYAN, A.A.; PAREISHVILI, Ye.A.; IZMAYLOVA, Ye.P.

Hemopoiesis and hemorrhagic syndromes in healthy dogs. Izv. AN Arm.  
SSR. Biol. i sel'khoz. nauki 11 no.7:23-28 Jl '58. (MIRA 11:9)

1.Armenian Institute of Transfusion Medicine Ministry of Health  
Armenia.  
(HEMOPOIETIC SYSTEM)

PAREKALIN, S. (Dnepropetrovskaya oblast')

Deserved authority. Voen.znan. Vol. [32] no.3:7 Mr '56. (MIRA 9:7)  
(Military education)

KRASIK, L.B.; YEGOROVA, A.I.; GEYKHMAN, K.P.; SKOROSPESHKINA, M.I.;  
KARKASHEVA, A.R.; PAREKHA, A.A.; GUZHAVINA, E.V.;  
STEPANOVA, N.I.

Physical development of pupils in the boarding schools of  
Perm (according to examination data of 1962). Zdrav. Ros.  
Feder. 7 no.6:22-26 Je '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Iz kafedry pediatrii (zav. - dotsent L.B. Krasik)  
Permskogo meditsinskogo instituta (rektor - dotsent T.V.  
Ivanovskaya).

Perel', V. I.

USSR/Electronics - Gas Discharge and Gas-Discharge Instruments, H-7

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Fizika, No 12, 1956, 35149

Author: Kagan, Yu. M., Perel', V. I.

Institution: Karelo-Finnish University, USSR

Title: On the Mobility and Space Charge of Ions in an Inhomogeneous Field

Original

Periodical: Dokl. AN SSSR, 1956, 108, No 2, 222-225

Abstract: The kinetic equation was solved for the distribution function of ions in an inhomogeneous electric field. The ion concentration, the drift velocity, and the potential distribution were found for the one-dimensional case. The 3/2 law was generalized for the ion current so as to include the case of any pressure. Bibliography, 6 titles.

Card 1/1

PARENSKIY, B.D., inzhener

Internal potentialities of the White Russian peat industry and  
ways to utilize them. Torf.prom.32 no.4:1-3 '55. (MIRA 8:10)

1. Gosudarstvennaya planovaya komissiya po vosstanovleniyu kho-  
zyaystva i promyshlennosti pri Sovete Ministrov BSSR.  
(White Russia--Peat industry)

PAREMSKIY, B.D.

PAREMSKIY, B.D., inzhener.

Urgent problems of the peat industry in the White Russian S.S.R. Torf.  
prom. 33 no.4:29-31 '56.  
(MLRA 9:9)

1.Gosplan BSSR.  
(White Russia--Peat industry)

PEAT INDUSTRY IN POLAND			
227 [Part 1]	(Part 1)	Report by D.D. (Turf, Peat, Moss), Moscow, 1950, 77, 2-24). Poland has about 2 million hectares of exploitable peat, mostly in deposits of 100 ha or more. Production forecast for 1950 is 2.4 million tons, including 1 million by the agricultural co-operatives, individual peasants, and 400,000 tons of peat bedding (for animals and for use as fertilizer), 14,000 tons made in Poland, U.S.S.R., East Germany, and Denmark. The Peat Board should produce 12,000 tons of milled peat, 5,000 tons sod peat, 40,300 tons briquettes, 500 tons coke, and 500,000 tons of milled peat.	Report by D.D. (Turf, Peat, Moss), Moscow, 1950, 77, 2-24). Poland has about 2 million hectares of exploitable peat, mostly in deposits of 100 ha or more. Production forecast for 1950 is 2.4 million tons, including 1 million by the agricultural co-operatives, individual peasants, and 400,000 tons of peat bedding (for animals and for use as fertilizer), 14,000 tons made in Poland, U.S.S.R., East Germany, and Denmark. The Peat Board should produce 12,000 tons of milled peat, 5,000 tons sod peat, 40,300 tons briquettes, 500 tons coke, and 500,000 tons of milled peat.

		<p>THE LILLIPUT PEAT EXCAVATOR. Parowitza, R.D. (Torr. Prod. Moscow), 1956, (7), 35). A brief illustrated description is given of a machine for excavating, loading, forming and spreading peat. It weighs 9 to 10 tons, has a single 65 h.p. internal combustion engine and 60 cu. m/h. It is designed by Stihler and made by Flugor L.</p>	

REMARKS	KIY	P.D.	
			<p>1956. TECHNICAL PROGRESS AND PATH INDUSTRY OF THE WHITE RUSSIAN B.S.R. IN THE SIXTH FIVE-YEAR PLAN (1956-60). Perenokov, B.D. (Ministry Inst. Peat, Ad. title to Sov. Pres. (Peat Ind., Moscow), 1957, (2), 39-40).</p>

~~PARENTHETICAL~~

Several production resources for increasing the winning of peat  
in the White Russian S.S.R. Trudy Inst. torf. AH BSSR 6:532-540  
'57.

(MIRA 11:7)

(White Russia--Peat)

PARENSKII, B.D.

Development of light industry in White Russia in 1959 to 1965.  
Leg.prom. 18 no.12:13-14 D '58. (MIRA 11:12)

1. Zamestitel' Predsedatelya Gosplana Belorusskoy SSR.  
(White Russia--Economic policy)

PARIINSKIY, B.D.

Some aspects of the development of the peat industry in White  
Russia and its prospects for 1959-1965. Trudy inst. torf. AN  
BSSR 8:36-40, 1959. (MIRA 13:12)  
(White Russia--Peat industry)

PAREMSKIY, B.D.

Basic trends in the development of the peat industry in White  
Russia from 1959 to 1960. Sbor.nauch.trud.Bal.pclitezh.inst.  
no.65:3-10 '59. (MIRA 13:5)  
(White Russia--Peat industry)

GORBUTOVICH, G.D., inzh.; PAREMSKIY, B.D., inzh.

Course of the development of the peat industry of the White Russian  
S.S.R. Torf.prom. 36 no.1:7-10 '59. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Gosplan BSSR.  
(White Russia--Peat industry)

GOEBUTOVICH, G.D., inzh.; PAREMSKIY, B.D., inzh.

"Surface and layers" method of winning peat in blocks with  
MPDK and KDN machines. Torf.prom. 36 no.4:30-31 '59.  
(MIRA 12:9)

1. Gosplan ESSR.  
(White Russia--Peat industry)

VOLOSHIN, Ivan Filippovich; PEKELIS, G.B., dots., retsenzent: PAREM-  
SKIY, B.D., dots., red.; MARIKS, L., red. izd-va; SIDERKO, N.,  
tekhn. red.

[Development of power engineering in White Russia] Razvitiye  
energetiki Belorussii. Minsk, In-t energ. Akad.nauk Belorus-  
skoi SSR, 1960. 176 p. (MIRA 14:5)  
(White Russia--Electric power)

PAREMSKIY, B.D., dots., red.; OREKHOV, V.I., red.; TANOVITSKAYA,  
Ye.N., spets. red.

[Mechanization of basic and auxiliary peat winning opera-  
tions in White Russia] Mekhanizatsiya osnovnykh i vspomoc-  
atel'nykh rabot po dobache torfa v Belorussii. Minsk,  
1964. 91 p. (MIRA 18:5)  
1. Institut BELGIPROTOKF.

GORBUTOVICH, G.D., inzh.; PAREMSKIY, B.D., inzh.; TARNOVSKIY, A.I., inzh.

Manufacture and use of peat-mineral-ammonium fertilizers in the  
White Russian S.S.R. during 1961. Torf.prom. 39 no.3:11-14 '62.  
(MIRA 15:4)

1. Gosplan RSSR (for Gorbutovich). 2. Gosudarstvennyy komitet  
Sovet Ministrov RSSR po koordinatsii nauchno-issledovatel'skikh  
rabot (for Paremskiy). 3. Sovmarkhoz RSSR (for Tarnovskiy).  
(White Russia—Fertilizers and manure) (Peat)

PARENSKIY, B. D.; TARNOVSKIY, A. I.; GOREUTOVICH, G. D.

"Production and application of peat in the Byelorussian."

Report submitted for the 2nd International Peat Congress, Leningrad,  
15-22 Aug 63.

PAREMSKIY, B.D.

Development of peat briquet production in the White Russian SSR.  
Sbor. nauch. trud. Bel. politekh. inst. no.88:38-45 '60. (MIRA 14:12)  
(White Russia--Peat industry)

SINITSIN, N.A.; PAREMSKIY, B.D.

Present conditions and further development of the peat industry.  
Tcrf. pram. 37 no.5:3-5 '60. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Gosplan SSSR (for Sinitsin). 2. Gosplan BSSR (for Paremskiy).  
(Peat industry)

38259 PAREMSKIY, V.

Pazgovor na takakh vysokoy chastoty. Ill. A. Katkovskiy. Znaniye - sile,  
1949, No 11, s. 18-20

IL'IN, S., zhurnalist; HUSAKOVA, V., zhurnalist; BRODOVSKIY, B., zhurnalist;  
SVIRIN, I., zhurnalist; KISHCHIK, P., zhurnalist; STOYKEVICH, M.,  
zhurnalist; PAREMSKIY, V., zhurnalist; L'VOV, B., zhurnalist;  
LYUBASHCHEKO, I., zhurnalist; VYSOTSKIY, Ye., zhurnalist;  
KHOVOSTOVA, I.M., red.; SHAIKINA, N.D., tekhn.red.

[Innovators in the seven-year plan; people with work achievements]  
Zachinateli novogo v semiletke; liudi trudovogo podvigа. Moskva,  
Izd-vo VTsSFS Profizdat. No.7. 1961. 66 p.

(MIRA 15:2)

(Building--Technological innovations)

PARENSKIY, V.M.

OSIPOV, A.P., PARENSKIY, V.M.

Great day at the All-Union Industrial Exhibition. Izebr. v SSSR 1  
no. 4:31-32 O '56. (MIRA 10:3)  
(Moscow--Exhibitions)

5827	5	EWT(m)/EWP(t)/EWP(b)	JD
ACCESSION NR:		AP500743	
S/0286/65/000/004/0063/0063			
AUTHOR:	Chernyayev, V. N.; Povedakaya, L. G.; Paremuzov, Ye. P.		
TITLE:	Column for vacuum refining metals and other products, Class 40, No. 168447		
SOURCE:	Byulleten' izobreteniya i tovarnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 63		
TOPIC TAGS:	vacuum refining column, metal vacuum refining, vacuum re-refining, vacuum purification, metal purification		
ABSTRACT:	This Author Certificate introduces a column for vacuum refining metals and other products which contains plates or packing. To achieve a deeper refining or separation of metals, the cross section of the refining portion of the column increases in the upward direction to ensure a constant rate of vapor flow, and the clearance between the upper plate or packing and the vapor outlet into the dephlegmator amounts to 1/4--1/6 of the column height. Orig. art. has: 1 figure.		
ASSOCIATION:	none		
Card 1/2	[AZ]		

L 3827 -65

ACCESSION NR: AP5007437

SUBMITTED: 24 May 63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MM

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

ATD PRESS: 3227

cc  
Carl 2/2

GIL'DENBERG, Z., kand. tekhn.nauk; FOGEL'ZANG, M., kand.tekhn.nauk;  
PAKEMTZOVA, G., inzh.

Effect of clayey admixtures in sands on the properties of lime-sand products. Stroi. mat. 4 no.8:34-35 Ag '58. (MIRA 11:9)  
(Clay) (Sand)

MERABISHVILI, M.S.; MDIVNISHVILI, O.M.; PAREMUZOVA, G.A.

Estimating the sorption activity of clays. Trudy KIMS no. 5:45-48 '63.  
(MIRA 18:10)

L 6482-65

EHT(m)/EFF(c)/EWF(f)/T/EHT(t)/EWF(b) IJP(c) JD/HW/RM

ACCESSION NR: AP5021280

UR/0020/65/163/005/1147/1150

AUTHORS: Vinogradov, P. A.; Dolgopolsk, B. A. (Academician); Zgonnik, V. N.;  
Parensko, O. P.; Timyakova, Ye. I.; Turov, B. S.

TITLE: The role of electron-donor additives, water, and alkylating agents in the stereospecific polymerization of butadiene under the influence of a cobalt catalytic system

SOURCE: AN SSSR, Doklady, v. 163, no. 5, 1965, 1147-1150

TOPIC TAGS: stereospecific polymerization, polymer, butadiene, cobalt, catalyst

ABSTRACT: The object of the investigation was to enlarge the currently available information concerning the stereospecific catalytic activity of cobalt catalytic systems (B. S. Turov and P. A. Vinogradov i dr., DAN, 155, 874, 1965). The polymer studied was butadiene. The experimental results are shown graphically in Figs. 1 and 2 on the Enclosure. It is concluded that the addition of  $\text{AlCl}_3$ ,RAIC<sub>2</sub>, Br<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub> = CH - CH<sub>2</sub> halogen, RCl - Al - O - Al - RCl increases the formation of 1,4 cis rings, the molecular weight, and the rate of polymerization, whereas the addition of R<sub>3</sub>Al, RSR, ROR, R<sub>3</sub>N, KCl, and NaCl decreases the number

Card 1/4

L 6 482-65

ACCESSION NR.: AP5021280

of 1,2 rings, the molecular weight, and the rate of polymerization. Orig. art.  
has 1 table, 3 graphs, and 3 equations.

3

ASSOCIATION: Institut neftekhmicheskogo sinteza, Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute  
for Petrochemical Synthesis, Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 15Mar65

ENCL: 02

4456

SUB CODE: OC

gc,

NO IEF SOV: 007

OTHER: 005

Card 2/4

L 6482-65

ACQUISITION NR: AP5021180

ENCLOSURE: 01

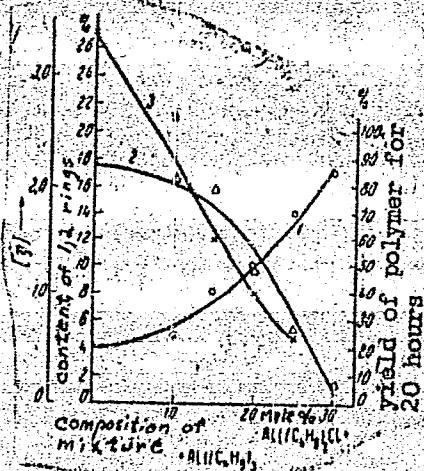


Fig. 1. The effect of triisobutylaluminum on the number of 1,2 rings in the chain (1), yield of polymer (2), and characteristic viscosity (3). Concentration of CoOCl<sub>2</sub> = 0.0096 m mole, Al/Co = 150:1 (mole), butadiene 12.5 g, concentration of butadiene in benzene 1.8 mole/liter, temperature of polymerization 30°C, duration of experiment 20 hours.

Card 3/4

L 64492-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5021280

ENCLOSURE: 02

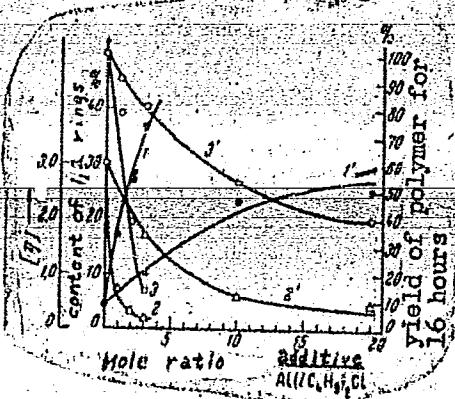


Fig. 2. Effect of KCl and NaCl on the number of 1,2 rings in the chain (1, 1'), viscosity (2, 2') polymer yield (3, 3') - for KCl 1,2,3,— for NaCl 1', 2', 3'. Concentration of  $\text{CoCl}_2$  = 0.0096 m mole, Al/Co = 150:1 (mole), butadiene 12.5 g, concentration of butadiene in benzene 1.8 mole/liter, temperature of polymerization 50°C, duration of experiment 16 hours.

Card 1/4

PARENAGO, P. I.

Category : USSR/Radiophysics - Application of radiophysical methods

I-12

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 1, 1957 No 2006

Author : Parenago, P.I.

Title : ~~On the Spiral Structure of the Galaxy as Determined from Radio Observations~~  
and on Observations Needed for Better Recognition of the Spiral Structure.

Orig Pub : Tr. 5-go soveshchaniya po vopr. kosmogonii. 1955, M., AN SSSR, 1956, 535,  
diskus. 536-538

Abstract : See Ref. Zhur. Fiz., 1956. 8177

Card : 1/1

PARENAGO, Pavel Petrovich, (1906-1960)

DECEASED

(Astrophysics)

See ILC

KOSAR', A. V., red.; VOLOSHIN, A. N., red.; GUREVICH, R. V., KROPACHEV,  
N. G., red.; PARENCHENKO, N. S., red.; PIEKHANOV, P. S., red.; SUSKOV,  
I. A., red.; SHAROV, G. V., red.; OGAREV, A. P./. tekh. red.

First in Siberian Metallurgy. Pervenets Sibirskoi metallurgii.  
Kemerovskoe knizhnoe izd<sup>z</sup>vo. 1957'. 289p.

(MIRA 12:4)

1. Sekretar' partkoma Kuznetskogo kombinata (for Parenchenko).
2. Nachal'nik tekhnicheskogo otdela Kuznetskogo kombinata (for Sharov).  
(Kuznetsk Basin -- Metallurgical plants)